UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

- x Quarterly Report Under Section 13 or 15 (d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 For the Quarterly Period Ended March 31, 2021
- Transition Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

Commission File Number: 1-8351

CHEMED CORPORATION

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization) 255 E. Fifth Street, Suite 2600, Cincinnati, Ohio (Address of principal executive offices)

31-0791746 (IRS Employer Identification No.) 45202 (Zip code)

(513) 762-6690

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter periods that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yes x No o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit such files).

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer or a non-accelerated filer (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).

Large Accelerated Filer x Accelerated Filer o Non-accelerated Filer o Smaller Reporting Company o

Emerging growth company o

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended the extended transition period for complying with a new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13 (a) of the Exchange Act o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).

Yes o No x

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date.

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of Each Class Trading Symbol Name of Each Exchange Amount Date

on which Registered

Capital Stock \$1 Par Value CHE New York Stock Exchange 15,950,435 Shares March 31, 2021

CHEMED CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES

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PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements CHEMED CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (in thousands, except share and per share data)

	March 31, 2021			December 31, 2020		
ASSETS				<u> </u>		
Current assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	210,156	\$	162,675		
Accounts receivable		104,748		126,853		
Inventories		6,777		7,095		
Prepaid income taxes		3,518		6,603		
Prepaid expenses		21,775	_	26,177		
Total current assets		346,974		329,403		
Investments of deferred compensation plans		93,705		88,811		
Properties and equipment, at cost, less accumulated depreciation of \$298,530 (2020 - \$293,380)		190,154		187,820		
Lease right of use asset		124,104		123,448		
Identifiable intangible assets less accumulated amortization of \$50,118 (2020 - \$47,607)		115,517		118,085		
Goodwill		578,618		578,585		
Other assets		9,061	_	8,759		
Total Assets	\$	1,458,133	\$	1,434,911		
LIABILITIES						
Current liabilities						
Accounts payable	\$	55,447	\$	54,234		
Income taxes	*	24,774	-	9,464		
Accrued insurance		57,533		54,703		
Accrued compensation		73,907		91,282		
Accrued legal		2,102		10,632		
Short-term lease liability		37,897		36,200		
Other current liabilities		38,555		42,593		
Total current liabilities		290,215		299,108		
Deferred income taxes		19,733		20,664		
Deferred compensation liabilities		93,755		88,456		
Long-term lease liability		98,813		99,210		
Other liabilities		26,733		26,273		
Total Liabilities		529,249		533,711		
Commitments and contingencies (Note 10) STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY						
Capital stock - authorized 80,000,000 shares \$1 par; issued 36,345,147 shares (2020 - 36,258,638 shares)		36,345		36,259		
Capital south * authorized 00,000,000 shares \$1 par, issued 30,343,147 shares (2020 * 30,230,030 shares) Paid-in capital		982,739		961,404		
ratu-in capital Retained earnings		1,783,740		1,723,777		
Retailieu eainings Treasury stock - 20,469,051 shares (2020 - 20,351,562 shares)		(1,876,315)		(1,822,579)		
Deferred compensation payable in Company stock		2,375		2,339		
Total Stockholders' Equity		928,884	_	901,200		
	•	1,458,133	\$	1,434,911		
Total Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity	Ф	1,430,133	Φ	1,454,911		

See accompanying Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements.

CHEMED CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME (in thousands, except per share data)

	Three Months Ended March 31,						
	2021		2020				
Service revenues and sales	\$ 527	360 \$	515,798				
Cost of services provided and goods sold (excluding depreciation)	340	,473	351,745				
Selling, general and administrative expenses	91	,599	70,583				
Depreciation	11	,715	11,388				
Amortization	2	,510	2,477				
Other operating expenses		622	242				
Total costs and expenses	446	,919	436,435				
Income from operations	80	,441	79,363				
Interest expense		(381)	(975)				
Other income/(expense) - net	3	,602	(9,466)				
Income before income taxes	83	,662	68,922				
Income taxes	(18	,262)	(13,031)				
Net income	<u>\$ 65</u>	<u>\$</u>	55,891				
Earnings Per Share:							
Net income	<u>\$</u>	4.08 \$	3.50				
Average number of shares outstanding	16	,010	15,991				
Diluted Earnings Per Share:							
Net income	\$	4.01 \$	3.38				
Average number of shares outstanding	16	,310	16,516				
Cash Dividends Per Share	\$	0.34 \$	0.32				

See accompanying Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements.

CHEMED CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (in thousands)

	Three Months Ended March 31, 2021 2020			rch 31,	
	-	2021			
Cash Flows from Operating Activities Net income	<u> </u>	65,400	\$	55,891	
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided	ā	03,400	Ф	55,091	
by operating activities:					
Depreciation and amortization		14,225		13,865	
Payments on previously accrued litigation settlements		(8,490)		13,003	
Stock option expense		6,106		5,045	
Noncash long-term incentive compensation		1,642		1,598	
Provision/(benefit) for deferred income taxes		(930)		2,290	
Amortization of debt issuance costs		76		76	
Provision for bad debts		70		594	
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		_		334	
Decrease in accounts receivable		22,773		6,269	
Decrease in inventories		318		149	
Decrease in prepaid expenses		4,402		1,211	
Decrease in accounts payable and other current liabilities		(18,369)		(7,037)	
Change in current income taxes		18,395		10,159	
Net change in lease assets and liabilities		(24)		(153)	
Decrease/(increase) in other assets		(5,274)		5,048	
Increase/(decrease) in other liabilities		5,759		(6,067)	
Other sources		710		388	
Net cash provided by operating activities		106,719		89,326	
Cash Flows from Investing Activities		100,715		05,520	
Capital expenditures		(17,697)		(19,897)	
Business combinations		(17,007)		(1,452)	
Other sources/(uses)		274		(144)	
Net cash used by investing activities		(17,423)		(21,493)	
Cash Flows from Financing Activities		(17,123)		(21, 155)	
Purchases of treasury stock		(41,107)		(100,235)	
Proceeds from exercise of stock options		11,026		9,241	
Capital stock surrendered to pay taxes on stock-based compensation		(6,613)		(7,951)	
Dividends paid		(5,437)		(5,130)	
Payments on revolving line of credit		-		(104,100)	
Proceeds from revolving line of credit		_		174,100	
Change in cash overdrafts payable		-		(9,849)	
Other sources/(uses)		316		(1,116)	
Net cash used by financing activities		(41,815)		(45,040)	
Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents		47,481		22,793	
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		162,675		6,158	
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$	210,156	\$	28,951	
	<u> </u>				

See accompanying Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements.

CHEMED CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY

(in thousands, except per share data)

For the three months ended March 31, 2021 and 2020:

2020:					Deferred Compensation	
	C:t-1	n.: J :	D-4-: J	Treasury	Payable in	
	Capital	Paid-in	Retained	Stock-	Company	T-4-1
D 1 . D 1 04 0000	Stock	Capital	Earnings	at Cost	Stock	Total
Balance at December 31, 2020	36,259	961,404	1,723,777	(1,822,579)	2,339	901,200
Net income	-	-	65,400	-	-	65,400
Dividends paid (\$0.34 per share)	-	-	(5,437)	-	-	(5,437)
Stock awards and exercise of stock options	86	21,007	-	(8,932)	-	12,161
Purchases of treasury stock	-	-	-	(44,768)	-	(44,768)
Other		328	<u>-</u>	(36)	36	328
Balance at March 31, 2021	36,345	\$ 982,739	\$ 1,783,740	\$ (1,876,315)	\$ 2,375	\$ 928,884
·					Deferred	
					Compensation	
			`	Treasury	Pavable in	
	Capital	Paid-in	Retained	Stock-	Company	
	Stock	Capital	Earnings	at Cost	Stock	Total
Balance at December 31, 2019	35,811	860,671	1,425,752	(1,597,940)	2,314	726,608
Net income	-	-	55,891	-	-	55,891
Dividends paid (\$0.32 per share)	-	-	(5,130)	-	-	(5,130)
Stock awards and exercise of stock options	101	18,972	-	(11,140)	-	7,933
Purchases of treasury stock	-	· -	-	(100,235)	_	(100,235)
Other	_	(1,093)	(362)	(75)	64	(1,466)
Balance at March 31, 2020	35,912	\$ 878,550	\$ 1,476,151	\$ (1,709,390)	\$ 2,378	\$ 683,601

The Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements are integral parts of these statements.

CHEMED CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES

Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements

1. Basis of Presentation

As used herein, the terms "We," "Company" and "Chemed" refer to Chemed Corporation or Chemed Corporation and its consolidated subsidiaries.

We have prepared the accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements of Chemed in accordance with Rule 10-01 of SEC Regulation S-X. Consequently, we have omitted certain disclosures required under generally accepted accounting principles in the United States ("GAAP") for complete financial statements. The December 31, 2020 balance sheet data were derived from audited financial statements but do not include all disclosures required by GAAP. However, in our opinion, the financial statements presented herein contain all adjustments, consisting only of normal recurring adjustments, necessary to state fairly our financial position, results of operations and cash flows. The results of operations for the three months ended March 31, 2021 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the year ending December 31, 2021 or any other future period, and we make no representations related thereto. These financial statements are prepared on the same basis as and should be read in conjunction with the audited Consolidated Financial Statements and related Notes included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2020.

CORONAVIRUS AID, RELIEF AND ECONOMIC STIMULUS (CARES) ACT

and healthcare providers based upon their 2019 Medicare fee-for-service revenue.

The current COVID-19 pandemic did have a material impact on our results of operations, cash flow and financial position as of and for the three months ended March 31, 2021. We are closely monitoring the impact of the pandemic on all aspects of our business including impacts to employees, customers, patients, suppliers and vendors. The Company's two operating subsidiaries have been categorized as critical infrastructure businesses and are not currently materially limited by federal, state or local regulations that restrict movement or operating ability.

The length and severity of the pandemic, coupled with related governmental actions including relief acts and actions relating to our workforce at federal, state and local levels, and underlying economic disruption will determine the ultimate short-term and long-term impact to our business operations and financial results. We are unable to predict the myriad of possible issues that could arise or the ultimate effect to our businesses as a result of the unknown short, medium and long-term impacts that the pandemic will have on the United States economy and society as a whole.

On March 27, 2020, the CARES Act was passed. It is intended to provide economic relief to individuals and businesses affected by the coronavirus pandemic. It also contains provisions related to healthcare providers' operations and the issues caused by the coronavirus pandemic. The following are significant economic impacts for Chemed and its subsidiaries as a result of specific provisions of the CARES Act:

A portion of the CARES Act provides \$100 billion from the Public Health and Social Services Emergency Fund ("Relief Fund") to healthcare providers on the front lines of the coronavirus response. Of this distribution, \$30 billion was designated to be automatically distributed to facilities

On April 10, 2020 VITAS automatically received \$80.2 million from the Relief Fund based upon VITAS's 2019 Medicare fee-for-service

Medicare revenue. The main condition that is attached to the grant is that the money will be used "only for health care related expenses or los
revenues that are attributable to coronavirus". HHS guidance does not specifically designate what healthcare expenses are related to COVID-19
The guidance to date is general and broad but does provide some examples such as equipment and supplies, workforce training, reporting COVID
19 test results, securing separate facilities for COVID-19 patients and acquiring additional resources to expand or preserve care delivery. VITAS
has cared for approximately 3,200 COVID positive patients through March 31, 2021.
The additional conditions to the Relief Fund payment are specific in nature, such as the money cannot be used for gun control advocacy purposes
abortions, embryo research, etc. The Company is in compliance, and intends to maintain compliance, with these specific conditions. Based on this
analysis, management believes that there is reasonable assurance that VITAS will comply with the conditions.
Chemed and its subsidiaries have deferred \$36.4 million of certain employer payroll taxes as permitted by the CARES Act. \$18.2 million is
classified as short-term and \$18.2 million is classified as a long-term liability.
During the period from May 1, 2020 through March 31, 2021, the 2% Medicare sequestration reimbursement cut was suspended. For the three
month period ended March 31, 2021 approximately \$6.0 million, was recognized as revenue due to the suspension of sequestration. In Apri
2021, legislation was signed into law that suspended sequestration through December 31, 2021.

There is no U.S. GAAP that covers accounting for such government "grants" to for-profit entities. As a result, the Company analogized to International Accounting Standard 20 – *Accounting for Government Grants and Disclosures* ("IAS 20"). Under IAS 20,

once it is reasonably assured that the entity will comply with the conditions of the grant, the grant money should be recognized on a systematic basis over the periods in which the entity recognizes the related expenses or losses.

All CARES Act funds received were fully recognized as of December 31, 2020. However, the rules concerning the utilization of the funds continue to evolve and we will continue to comply with those applicable to us.

CLOUD COMPUTING

As of March 31, 2021, we have two cloud computing arrangements that are service contracts. Roto-Rooter is implementing a system to assist in technician dispatch and VITAS implemented a new human resources system. We have capitalized approximately \$9.4 million related to implementation of these projects which are included in prepaid assets in the accompanying balance sheets. The VITAS human resource system was placed into service in January 2020 and is being amortized over 5 years. For the three months ended March 31, 2021 and 2020, \$199,000 and \$262,000 has been amortized, respectively. There has been no other amortization expense associated with the Roto-Rooter project, as the software has not yet been placed in service. We anticipate amortizing this asset over the original term of the arrangement plus renewal options that are reasonably certain of being exercised.

INCOME TAXES

In December 2019, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update "ASU No. 2019-12 – Simplifying the Accounting for Income Taxes". The ASU adds new guidance to simplify accounting for income taxes, changes the accounting for certain income tax transactions and makes minor improvements to the codifications. The ASU is effective for the Company on January 1, 2021. The impact of adoption was not material.

Our effective income tax rate was 21.8% in the first quarter of 2021 compared to 18.9% during the first quarter of 2020. Excess tax benefit on stock options reduced our income tax expenses by \$3.2 million and \$4.6 million, respectively for the quarters ended March 31, 2021 and 2020.

NON-CASH TRANSACTIONS

Included in the accompanying Consolidated Balance Sheets are \$1.2 million and \$3.9 million of capitalized property and equipment which were not paid for as of March 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020, respectively. These amounts have been excluded from capital expenditures in the accompanying Consolidated Statements of Cash Flow. There are no material non-cash amounts included in interest expense for any period presented.

BUSINESS COMBINATIONS

We account for acquired businesses using the acquisition method of accounting. All assets acquired and liabilities assumed are recorded at their respective fair values at the date of acquisition. The determination of fair value involves estimates and the use of valuation techniques when market value is not readily available. We use various techniques to determine fair value in accordance with accepted valuation models, primarily the income approach. The significant assumptions used in developing fair values include, but are not limited to, revenue growth rates, the amount and timing of future cash flows, discount rates, useful lives, royalty rates and future tax rates. The excess of purchase price over the fair value of assets and liabilities acquired is recorded as goodwill. See Note 16 for discussion of recent acquisitions.

Quarterly amortization of intangible assets is mainly driven by two Roto-Rooter franchise acquisitions completed in 2019. The total purchase price of these acquisitions was \$138.0 million. As part of the purchase price allocation, approximately \$59.2 million was determined to be the value of reacquired franchise rights which are being amortized over the remaining life of each franchise agreement. The average remaining life on the reacquired franchise agreements was approximately seven years. Quarterly amortization of reacquired franchise rights for these two acquisitions is approximately \$2.0 million (\$8.1 million annualized through 2026). This contrasts to quarterly franchise fees historically collected from these two franchisees of approximately \$470,000 (\$1.9 million annualized).

ESTIMATES

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires us to make estimates and assumptions that affect amounts reported in the consolidated financial statements and accompanying Notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Disclosures of after-tax expenses and adjustments are based on estimates of the effective income tax rates for the applicable segments.

2. Revenue Recognition

In May 2014, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update "ASU No. 2014-09 – Revenue from Contracts with Customers." The standard and subsequent amendments are theoretically intended to develop a common revenue standard for removing

inconsistencies and weaknesses, improve comparability, provide for more useful information to users through improved disclosure requirements and simplify the preparation of financial statements. The standard is also referred to as Accounting Standards Codification No. 606 ("ASC 606").

VITAS

Service revenue for VITAS is reported at the amount that reflects the ultimate consideration we expect to receive in exchange for providing patient care. These amounts are due from third-party payors, primarily commercial health insurers and government programs (Medicare and Medicaid), and include variable consideration for revenue adjustments due to settlements of audits and reviews, as well as certain hospice-specific revenue capitations. Amounts are generally billed monthly or subsequent to patient discharge. Subsequent changes in the transaction price initially recognized are not significant.

Hospice services are provided on a daily basis and the type of service provided is determined based on a physician's determination of each patient's specific needs on that given day. Reimbursement rates for hospice services are on a *per diem* basis regardless of the type of service provided or the payor. Reimbursement rates from government programs are established by the appropriate governmental agency and are standard across all hospice providers. Reimbursement rates from health insurers are negotiated with each payor and generally structured to closely mirror the Medicare reimbursement model. The types of hospice services provided and associated reimbursement model for each are as follows:

Routine Home Care occurs when a patient receives hospice care in their home, including a nursing home setting. The routine home care rate is paid for each day that a patient is in a hospice program and is not receiving one of the other categories of hospice care. For Medicare patients, the routine home care rate reflects a two-tiered rate, with a higher rate for the first 60 days of a hospice patient's care and a lower rate for days 61 and after. In addition, there is a Service Intensity Add-on payment which covers direct home care visits conducted by a registered nurse or social worker in the last seven days of a hospice patient's life, reimbursed up to 4 hours per day in 15 minute increments at the continuous home care rate.

General Inpatient Care occurs when a patient requires services in a controlled setting for a short period of time for pain control or symptom management which cannot be managed in other settings. General inpatient care services must be provided in a Medicare or Medicaid certified hospital or long-term care facility or at a freestanding inpatient hospice facility with the required registered nurse staffing.

Continuous Home Care is provided to patients while at home, including a nursing home setting, during periods of crisis when intensive monitoring and care, primarily nursing care, is required in order to achieve palliation or management of acute medical symptoms. Continuous home care requires a minimum of 8 hours of care within a 24-hour day, which begins at midnight. The care must be predominantly nursing care provided by either a registered nurse or licensed nurse practitioner. While the published Medicare continuous home care rates are daily rates, Medicare pays for continuous home care in 15 minute increments. This 15 minute rate is calculated by dividing the daily rate by 96.

Respite Care permits a hospice patient to receive services on an inpatient basis for a short period of time in order to provide relief for the patient's family or other caregivers from the demands of caring for the patient. A hospice can receive payment for respite care for a given patient for up to five consecutive days at a time, after which respite care is reimbursed at the routine home care rate.

Each level of care represents a separate promise under the contract of care and is provided independently for each patient contingent upon the patient's specific medical needs as determined by a physician. However, the clinical criteria used to determine a patient's level of care is consistent across all patients, given that, each patient is subject to the same payor rules and regulations. As a result, we have concluded that each level of care is capable of being distinct and is distinct in the context of the contract. Furthermore, we have determined that each level of care represents a stand ready service provided as a series of either days or hours of patient care. We believe that the performance obligations for each level of care meet criteria to be satisfied over time. VITAS recognizes revenue based on the service output. VITAS believes this to be the most faithful depiction of the transfer of control of services as the patient simultaneously receives and consumes the benefits provided by our performance. Revenue is recognized on a daily or hourly basis for each patient in accordance with the reimbursement model for each type of service. VITAS' performance obligations relate to contracts with an expected duration of less than one year. Therefore, VITAS has elected to apply the optional exception provided in ASC 606 and is not required to disclose the aggregate amount of the transaction price allocated to performance obligations that are unsatisfied or partially unsatisfied at the end of the reporting period. The unsatisfied or partially satisfied performance obligations referred to above relate to bereavement services provided to patients' families for at least 12 months after discharge.

Care is provided to patients regardless of their ability to pay. Patients who meet our criteria for charity care are provided care without charge. There is no revenue or associated accounts receivable in the accompanying Consolidated Financial Statements related to charity care. The cost of providing charity care during the quarters ended March 31, 2021 and 2020 was \$2.0 million and \$2.2 million,

respectively. The cost of charity care is included in cost of services provided and goods sold and is calculated by taking the ratio of charity care days to total days of care and multiplying by the total cost of care.

Generally, patients who are covered by third-party payors are responsible for related deductibles and coinsurance which vary in amount. VITAS also provides service to patients without a reimbursement source and may offer those patients discounts from standard charges. VITAS estimates the transaction price for patients with deductibles and coinsurance, along with those uninsured patients, based on historical experience and current conditions. The estimate of any contractual adjustments, discounts or implicit price concessions reduces the amount of revenue initially recognized. Subsequent changes to the estimate of the transaction price are recorded as adjustments to patient service revenue in the period of change. Subsequent changes that are determined to be the result of an adverse change in the patients' ability to pay (i.e. change in credit risk) are recorded as bad debt expense. VITAS has no material adjustments related to subsequent changes in the estimate of the transaction price or subsequent changes as the result of an adverse change in the patient's ability to pay for any period reported.

Laws and regulations concerning government programs, including Medicare and Medicaid, are complex and subject to varying interpretation. Medicare and Medicaid programs have broad authority to audit and review compliance with such laws and regulations, and impose payment suspensions when merited. Additionally, the contracts we have with commercial health insurance payors provide for retroactive audit and review of claims. Settlement with third party payors for retroactive adjustments due to audits, reviews or investigations are considered variable consideration and are included in the determination of the estimated transaction price for providing patient care. The variable consideration is estimated based on the terms of the payment agreement, existing correspondence from the payor and our historical settlement activity. These estimates are adjusted in future periods, as new information becomes available.

We are subject to certain limitations on Medicare payments for services which are considered variable consideration, as follows:

Inpatient Cap. If the number of inpatient care days any hospice program provides to Medicare beneficiaries exceeds 20% of the total days of hospice care such program provided to all Medicare patients for an annual period beginning September 28, the days in excess of the 20% figure may be reimbursed only at the routine homecare rate. None of VITAS' hospice programs exceeded the payment limits on inpatient services during the three months ended March 31, 2021 and 2020.

Medicare Cap. We are also subject to a Medicare annual per-beneficiary cap ("Medicare cap"). Compliance with the Medicare cap is measured in one of two ways based on a provider election. The "streamlined" method compares total Medicare payments received under a Medicare provider number with respect to services provided to all Medicare hospice care beneficiaries in the program or programs covered by that Medicare provider number with the product of the per-beneficiary cap amount and the number of Medicare beneficiaries electing hospice care for the first time from that hospice program or programs from September 28 through September 27 of the following year. At March 31, 2021, all our programs except one are using the "streamlined" method.

The "proportional" method compares the total Medicare payments received under a Medicare provider number with respect to services provided to all Medicare hospice care beneficiaries in the program or programs covered by the Medicare provider number between September 28 and September 27 of the following year with the product of the per beneficiary cap amount and a pro-rated number of Medicare beneficiaries receiving hospice services from that program during the same period. The pro-rated number of Medicare beneficiaries is calculated based on the ratio of days the beneficiary received hospice services during the measurement period to the total number of days the beneficiary received hospice services.

We actively monitor each of our hospice programs, by provider number, as to their specific admission, discharge rate and median length of stay data in an attempt to determine whether revenues are likely to exceed the annual per-beneficiary Medicare cap. Should we determine that revenues for a program are likely to exceed the Medicare cap based on projected trends, we attempt to institute corrective actions, which include changes to the patient mix and increased patient admissions. However, should we project our corrective action will not prevent that program from exceeding its Medicare cap, we estimate revenue recognized during the government fiscal year that will require repayment to the Federal government under the Medicare cap and record an adjustment to revenue of an amount equal to a ratable portion of our best estimate for the year.

In 2013, the U.S. government implemented automatic budget reductions of 2.0% for all government payees, including hospice benefits paid under the Medicare program. In 2015, CMS determined that the Medicare cap should be calculated "as if" sequestration did not occur. As a result of this decision, VITAS has received notification from our third-party intermediary that an additional \$8.7 million is owed for Medicare cap in three programs arising during the 2013 through 2020 measurement periods. The amounts are automatically deducted from our semi-monthly PIP payments. We do not believe that CMS is authorized under the sequestration authority or the statutory methodology for establishing the Medicare cap to the amounts they have withheld and intend to withhold under their current "as if" methodology. We have appealed CMS's methodology change. Pursuant to the recent legislation and the April extension, the sequestration has been lifted for the period from May 1, 2020 through December 31, 2021.

During the quarter ended March 31, 2021, we recorded \$1.5 million in net Medicare cap revenue reduction related to two programs for the 2021 government fiscal year.

During the quarter ended March 31, 2020, we recorded \$2.5 million in net Medicare cap revenue reduction related to five programs for the 2020 government fiscal year.

For VITAS' patients in the nursing home setting in which Medicaid pays the nursing home room and board, VITAS serves as a pass-through between Medicaid and the nursing home. We are responsible for paying the nursing home for that patient's room and board. Medicaid reimburses us for 95% of the amount we have paid. This results in a 5% net expense for VITAS related to nursing home room and board. This transaction creates a performance obligation in that VITAS is facilitating room and board being delivered to our patient. As a result, the 5% net expense is recognized as a contra-revenue account under ASC 606 in the accompanying financial statements.

The composition of patient care service revenue by payor and level of care for the quarter ended March 31, 2021 is as follows (in thousands):

		Medicare	 Medicaid	Commercial	 Total
Routine home care	\$	246,064	\$ 11,579	6,111	\$ 263,754
Continuous care		24,907	1,259	1,183	27,349
Inpatient care		25,438	2,473	1,245	 29,156
	\$	296,409	\$ 15,311	\$ 8,539	\$ 320,259
					
All other revenue - self-pay, respite care, etc.					2,938
Subtotal					\$ 323,197
Medicare cap adjustment					(1,500)
Implicit price concessions					(3,244)
Room and board, net					 (2,665)
Net revenue					\$ 315,788

The composition of patient care service revenue by payor and level of care for the quarter ended March 31, 2020 is as follows (in thousands):

		Medicare	Medicaid	Commercial	Total
Routine home care	\$	253,965	\$ 12,133	\$ 5,664	\$ 271,762
Continuous care		37,132	1,871	1,552	40,555
Inpatient care		28,148	2,559	1,775	32,482
•	\$	319,245	\$ 16,563	\$ 8,991	\$ 344,799
	_			 	
All other revenue - self-pay, respite care, etc.					3,147
Subtotal					\$ 347,946
Medicare cap adjustment					(2,500)
Implicit price concessions					(4,149)
Room and board, net					(3,381)
Net revenue					\$ 337,916
Net revenue					\$ 337,916

Roto-Rooter

Roto-Rooter provides plumbing, drain cleaning, water restoration and other related services to both residential and commercial customers primarily in the United States. Services are provided through a network of company-owned branches, independent contractors and franchisees. Service revenue for Roto-Rooter is reported at the amount that reflects the ultimate consideration we expect to receive in exchange for providing services.

Roto-Rooter owns and operates branches focusing mainly on large population centers in the United States. Roto-Rooter's primary lines of business in company-owned branches consist of plumbing, sewer and drain cleaning, excavation and water restoration. For purposes of ASC 606 analysis, plumbing, sewer and drain cleaning, and excavation have been combined into one portfolio and are referred to as "short-term core services". Water restoration is analyzed as a separate portfolio. The following describes the key characteristics of these portfolios:

Short-term Core Services are plumbing, drain and sewer cleaning and excavation services. These services are provided to both commercial and residential customers. The duration of services provided in this category range from a few hours to a few days. There are no significant warranty costs or on-going obligations to the customer once a service has been completed. For residential customers, payment is received at the time of job completion before the Roto-Rooter technician leaves the residence. Commercial customers may

be granted credit subject to internally designated authority limits and credit check guidelines. If credit is granted, payment terms are generally 30 days or less

Each job in this category is a distinct service with a distinct performance obligation to the customer. Revenue is recognized at the completion of each job. Variable consideration consists of pre-invoice discounts and post-invoice discounts. Pre-invoice discounts are given in the form of coupons or price concessions. Post-invoice discounts consist of credit memos generally granted to resolve customer service issues. Variable consideration is estimated based on historical activity and recorded at the time service is completed.

Water Restoration Services involve the remediation of water and humidity after a flood. These services are provided to both commercial and residential customers. The duration of services provided in this category generally ranges from 3 to 5 days. There are no significant warranties or on-going obligations to the customer once service has been completed. The majority of these services are paid by the customer's insurance company. Variable consideration relates primarily to allowances taken by insurance companies upon payment. Variable consideration is estimated based on historical activity and recorded at the time service is completed.

For both short-term core services and water restoration services, Roto-Rooter satisfies its performance obligation at a point in time. The services provided generally involve fixing plumbing, drainage or flood-related issues at the customer's property. At the time service is complete, the customer acknowledges its obligation to pay for service and its satisfaction with the service performed. This provides evidence that the customer has accepted the service and Roto-Rooter is now entitled to payment. As such, Roto-Rooter recognizes revenue for these services upon completion of the job and receipt of customer acknowledgement. Roto-Rooter's performance obligations for short-term core services and water restoration services relate to contracts with an expected duration of less than a year. Therefore, Roto-Rooter has elected to apply the optional exception provided in ASC 606 and is not required to disclose the aggregate amount of the transaction price allocated to performance obligations that are unsatisfied or partially unsatisfied at the end of the reporting period. Roto-Rooter does not have significant unsatisfied or partially unsatisfied performance obligations at the time of initial revenue recognition for short-term core or water restoration services.

Roto-Rooter owns the rights to certain territories and contracts with independent third-parties to operate the territory under Roto-Rooter's registered trademarks. Such contracts are for a specified term but cancellable by either party without penalty with 90 days' advance notice. Under the terms of these arrangements, Roto-Rooter provides certain back office support and advertising along with a limited license to use Roto-Rooter's registered trademarks. The independent contractor is responsible for all day-to-day management of the business including staffing decisions and pricing of services provided. All performance obligations of Roto-Rooter cease at the termination of the arrangement.

Independent contractors pay Roto-Rooter a standard fee calculated as a percentage of their cash collection from weekly sales. The primary value for the independent contractors under these arrangements is the right to use Roto-Rooter's registered trademarks. Roto-Rooter recognizes revenue from independent contractors over-time (weekly) as the independent contractor's labor sales are completed and payment from customers are received. Payment from independent contractors is also received on a weekly basis. The use of Roto-Rooter's registered trademarks and advertising provides immediate value to the independent contractor as a result of Roto-Rooter's nationally recognized brand. Therefore, over-time recognition provides the most faithful depiction of the transfer of services as the customer simultaneously receives and consumes the benefits provided. There is no significant variable consideration related to these arrangements.

Roto-Rooter has licensed the rights to operate under Roto-Rooter's registered trademarks in other territories to franchisees. Each such contract is for a 10 year term but cancellable by Roto-Rooter for cause with 60 day advance notice without penalty. The franchisee may cancel the contract for any reason with 60 days advance notice without penalty. Under the terms of the contract, Roto-Rooter provides national advertising and consultation on various aspects of operating a Roto-Rooter business along with the right to use Roto-Rooter's registered trademarks. The franchisee is responsible for all day- to-day management of the business including staffing decisions, pricing of services provided and local advertising spend and placement. All performance obligations of Roto-Rooter cease at the termination of the arrangement.

Franchisees pay Roto-Rooter a standard monthly fee based on the population within the franchise territory. The standard fee is revised on a yearly basis based on changes in the Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers. The primary value for the franchisees under this arrangement is the right to use Roto-Rooter's registered trademarks. Roto-Rooter recognizes revenue from franchisees over-time (monthly). Payment from franchisees is also received on a monthly basis. The use of Roto-Rooter's registered trademarks and advertising provides immediate value to the franchisees as a result of Roto-Rooter's nationally recognized brand. Therefore, over-time recognition provides the most faithful depiction of the transfer of services as the customer simultaneously receives and consumes the benefits provided. There is no significant variable consideration related to these arrangements.

The composition of disaggregated revenue for the first quarter is as follows (in thousands):

	March 31,			
	·	2021		2020
Short-term core service jobs	\$	155,350	\$	134,424
Water restoration		37,435		29,246
Contractor revenue		18,760		16,228
Franchise fees		1,327		1,190
All other		3,945		3,534
Subtotal	\$	216,817	\$	184,622
Implicit price concessions and credit memos		(5,245)		(6,740)
Net revenue	\$	211,572	\$	177,882

3. Segments

Service revenues and sales by business segment are shown in Note 2. After-tax income/(loss) by business segment are as follows (in thousands):

	Three months ended March 31,				
	2021		2020		
\$	40,770	\$	41,279		
	37,177		24,322		
·	77,947		65,601		
	(12,547)		(9,710)		
\$	65,400	\$	55,891		

We report corporate administrative expenses and unallocated investing and financing income and expense not directly related to either segment as "Corporate".

4. Earnings per Share

Earnings per share ("EPS") are computed using the weighted average number of shares of capital stock outstanding. Earnings and diluted earnings per share are computed as follows (in thousands, except per share data):

	Net Income				
For the Three Months Ended March 31,	Income		Shares	Earnings per Share	
2021					
Earnings	\$	65,400	16,010	\$	4.08
Dilutive stock options		-	250		
Nonvested stock awards		<u> </u>	50		
Diluted earnings	\$	65,400	16,310	\$	4.01
2020					
Earnings	\$	55,891	15,991	\$	3.50
Dilutive stock options		-	446		
Nonvested stock awards			79		
Diluted earnings	\$	55,891	16,516	\$	3.38

For the three months ended March 31, 2021, there were 298,000 stock options excluded from the computation of dilutive earnings per share because they would have been anti-dilutive.

For the three months ended March 31, 2020, there were 285,000 stock options excluded from the computation of dilutive earnings per share because they would have been anti-dilutive.

5. Long-Term Debt and Lines of Credit

On June 20, 2018, we replaced our existing credit agreement with the Fourth Amended and Restated Credit Agreement ("2018 Credit Agreement"). Terms of the 2018 Credit Agreement consist of a five year, \$450 million revolving credit facility and a \$150 million expansion feature, which may consist of term loans or additional revolving commitments. The interest rate at the inception

of the agreement is LIBOR plus 100 basis points. The 2018 Credit Agreement has a floating interest rate that is generally LIBOR plus a tiered additional rate which varies based on our current leverage ratio. The 2018 Credit Agreement includes transition provisions in the instance LIBOR is no longer published or used as an industry-accepted rate.

There is no debt outstanding as of March 31, 2021.

The 2018 Credit Agreement contains the following quarterly financial covenants effective as of March 31, 2021:

Description	Requirement
Leverage Ratio (Consolidated Indebtedness/Consolidated Adj. EBITDA)	< 3.50 to 1.00
Fixed Charge Coverage Ratio (Consolidated Free Cash Flow/Consolidated Fixed Charges)	> 1.50 to 1.00

We are in compliance with all debt covenants as of March 31, 2021. We have issued \$37.9 million in standby letters of credit as of March 31, 2021, mainly for insurance purposes. Issued letters of credit reduce our available credit under the 2018 Credit Agreement. As of March 31, 2021, we have approximately \$412.1 million of unused lines of credit available and eligible to be drawn down under our revolving credit facility.

6. Other Income/(Expense) - Net

Other income/(expense) – net comprises the following (in thousands):

	Three months ended March 31,			
	2021			2020
Market value adjustment on assets held in				_
deferred compensation trust	\$	3,038	\$	(9,572)
Interest income		92		109
Other-net		472		(3)
Total other income/(expense) - net	\$	3,602	\$	(9,466)

7. Leases

Chemed and each of its operating subsidiaries are service companies. As such, real estate leases comprise the largest lease obligation (and conversely, right of use asset) in our lease portfolio. VITAS has leased office space, as well as space for inpatient units ("IPUs") and/or contract beds within hospitals. Roto-Rooter mainly has leased office space. Our leases have remaining terms of under 1 year to 10 years, some of which include options to extend the lease for up to 5 years, and some of which include options to terminate the lease within 1 year.

Roto-Rooter purchases equipment and leases it to certain of its independent contractors. We analyzed these leases in accordance with ASC 842 and determined they are operating leases. As a result, Roto-Rooter will continue to capitalize the equipment underlying these leases, depreciate the equipment and recognize rental income.

We do not currently have any finance leases, therefore all lease information disclosed is related to operating leases.

The components of balance sheet information related to leases were as follows:

M	arch 31, 2021		
\$	124,104	\$	123,448
\$	37,897 98,813 136,710	\$	36,200 99,210 135,410
	Three months		
\$ •	15,388 (45)	\$	14,610 - 14,610
	\$	\$ 124,104 37,897 98,813 \$ 136,710 Three months 2021 \$ 15,388	2021 2022 \$ 124,104 \$ 37,897 98,813 \$ 136,710 \$ Three months ended March 31 2021 2022 \$ 15,388 \$ (45)

(a) Includes short-term leases and variable lease costs, which are immaterial. Included in both cost of services provided and goods sold and selling, general and administrative expenses.

The components of cash flow information related to leases were as follows:

	Three mon Marc	d
	 2021	 2020
Cash paid for amounts included in the measurement of lease liabilities Operating cash flows from leases	\$ 12,850	\$ 12,028
Leased assets obtained in exchange for new operating lease liabilities	\$ 13,776	\$ 12,583
Weighted Average Remaining Lease Term at March 31, 2021 Operating leases		4.9 years
Weighted Average Discount Rate at March 31, 2021 Operating leases		2.66%
Maturity of Operating Lease Liabilities (in thousands)		
2021 2022 2023 2024 2025 Thereafter	\$	35,241 32,667 25,209 19,451 13,547 19,801
Total lease payments Less: interest	\$	145,916 (9,206)
Total liability recognized on the balance sheet	\$	136,710

For leases commencing prior to April 2019, minimum rental payments exclude payments to landlords for real estate taxes and common area maintenance. Operating lease payments include \$2.3 million related to extended lease terms that are reasonably certain of being exercised. There are no leases signed but not yet commenced.

8. Stock-Based Compensation Plans

On February 19, 2021, the Compensation/Incentive Committee of the Board of Directors ("CIC") granted 6,277 Performance Stock Units ("PSUs") contingent upon the achievement of certain total shareholder return ("TSR") targets as compared to the TSR of a

group of peer companies for the three year period ending December 31, 2023, the date at which such awards vest. The cumulative compensation cost of the TSR-based PSU award to be recorded over the three year service period is \$3.8 million.

On February 19, 2021, the CIC also granted 6,277 PSUs contingent upon the achievement of certain earnings per share ("EPS") targets for the three year period ending December 31, 2023. At the end of each reporting period, the Company estimates the number of shares that it believes will ultimately be earned and records the corresponding expense over the service period of the award. We currently estimate the cumulative compensation cost of the EPS-based PSUs to be recorded over the three year service period is \$3.1 million.

9. Retirement Plans

All of the Company's plans that provide retirement and similar benefits are defined contribution plans. These expenses include the impact of market gains and losses on assets held in deferred compensation plans and are recorded in selling, general and administrative expenses. Net (losses)/gains for the Company's retirement and profit-sharing plans, excess benefit plans and other similar plans are as follows (in thousands):

Three months ended March 31,					
	2021		2020		
\$	8,699	\$	(4,414)		

10. Legal and Regulatory Matters

The VITAS segment of the Company's business operates in a heavily-regulated industry. As a result, the Company is subjected to inquiries and investigations by various government agencies, which can result in penalties including repayment obligations, funding withholding, or debarment, as well as to lawsuits, including *qui tam* actions. The following sections describe the various ongoing material lawsuits and investigations of which the Company is currently aware. Other than as described below, it is not possible at this time for us to estimate either the timing or outcome of any of those matters, or whether any potential loss, or range of potential losses, is probable or reasonably estimable.

Regulatory Matters and Litigation

On October 30, 2017, the Company entered into a settlement agreement to resolve civil litigation under the False Claims Act brought by the United States Department of Justice ("DOJ") on behalf of the OIG and various relators concerning VITAS, filed in the U.S. District Court of the Western District of Missouri. The Company denied any violation of law and agreed to settlement without admission of wrongdoing.

In connection with the settlement, VITAS and certain of its subsidiaries entered into a corporate integrity agreement ("CIA") on October 30, 2017. The CIA formalizes various aspects of VITAS' already existing Compliance Program and contains requirements designed to document compliance with federal healthcare program requirements. It has a term of five years during which it imposes monitoring, reporting, certification, oversight, screening and training obligations, certain of which had previously been implemented by VITAS. It also requires VITAS to engage an Independent Review Organization to perform audit and review functions and to prepare reports regarding compliance with federal healthcare programs. In the event of breach of the CIA, VITAS could become liable for payment of stipulated penalties or could be excluded from participation in federal healthcare programs.

The Company entered into a settlement agreement in March 2019 that resolved the California state-wide wage and hour class action claims raised in four separate cases: (1) Jordan A. Seper on behalf of herself and others similarly situated v. VITAS Healthcare Corporation of California, a Delaware corporation; VITAS Healthcare Corp of CA, a business entity unknown; and DOES 1 to 100, inclusive; Los Angeles Superior Court Case Number BC 642857 ("Seper"); (2) Jiwan Chhina v. VITAS Health Services of California, Inc., a California corporation; VITAS Healthcare Corporation of California, a Delaware corporation; VITAS Healthcare Corporation of California, a Delaware corporation dba VITAS Healthcare Inc.; and DOES 1 to 100, inclusive; San Diego Superior Court Case Number 37-2015-00033978-CU-OE-CTL ("Chhina") (which was subsequently merged with Seper); (3) Chere Phillips and Lady Moore v. VITAS Healthcare Corporation of California, Sacramento County Superior Court, Case No. 34-2017-0021-2755 ("Phillips and Moore"); and (4) Williams v. VITAS Healthcare Corporation of California, Alameda County Superior Court Case No. RG 17853886 ("Williams"). These actions were brought by both current and former employees including a registered nurse, a licensed vocational nurse (LVN), home health aides and a social worker. Each action stated multiple claims generally including (1) failure to pay minimum wage for all hours worked; (2) failure to provide overtime for all hours worked; (3) failure to pay wages for all hours at the regular rate; (4) failure to provide meal periods; (5) failure to provide overtime for all hours worked; (3) failure to pay wages statements; (7) failure to pay for all reimbursement expenses; (8) unfair business practices; and (9) violation of the California Private Attorneys General Act. The cases generally asserted claims on behalf of classes defined to include all current and former non-exempt employees employed with VITAS in California within the four years preceding the filing of each lawsuit.

The settlement amount of \$5.75 million plus employment taxes was recorded in the first quarter of 2019. The definition of the class to participate in the settlement is intended to cover claims raised in the consolidated *Seper/Chhina* matter, claims raised in *Phillips and Moore*, as well as any class claims in *Williams*. The court granted final approval of the settlement hearing in December of 2020 and the settlement was paid in the first quarter of 2021.

Alfred Lax ("Lax"), a former employee of Roto-Rooter Services Company ("RRSC") filed a class action lawsuit in Santa Clara County Superior Court in November of 2018 alleging (1) failure to provide or compensate for required rest breaks; (2) failure to properly pay for all hours worked; (3) failure to provide accurate wage statements; (4) failure to reimburse for work-related expenses; and (5) unfair business practices. Lax stated these claims as a representative of a class defined as all service technicians employed by RRSC in California during the four years preceding the filing of the complaint. The lawsuit is, *Alfred Lax on behalf of himself and all others similarly situated v. Roto-Rooter Services Company, and Does 1 through 50 inclusive*; Santa Clara County Superior Court Case Number 18CV338652. The Company entered into a settlement agreement in August 2020 to resolve the allegations, for a settlement amount of \$2.6 million plus employment taxes. The settlement includes technicians in its Menlo Park and Bristol locations. The settlement was recorded in the third quarter of 2020. Final approval of the settlement was granted in the first quarter of 2021 and the settlement was paid.

On October 16, 2020, VITAS received a Civil Investigative Demand ("CID") issued by the U.S. Department of Justice pursuant to the False Claims Act concerning allegations of the submission of false claims for hospice services for which reimbursement was sought from federal healthcare programs, including Medicare. The CID has requested information regarding 32 patients from our Florida operations. We are cooperating with the U.S. Department of Justice with respect to this investigation. The Company cannot predict when the investigation will be resolved or the outcome of the investigation.

Regardless of the outcome of any of the preceding matters, dealing with the various regulatory agencies and opposing parties can adversely affect us through defense costs, potential payments, withholding of governmental funding, diversion of management time, and related publicity. Although the Company intends to defend them vigorously, there can be no assurance that those suits will not have a material adverse effect on the Company.

11. Concentration of Risk

As of March 31, 2021, and December 31, 2020, approximately 63% and 74%, respectively, of VITAS' total accounts receivable balance were from Medicare and 28% and 20%, respectively, of VITAS' total accounts receivable balance were due from various state Medicaid or managed Medicaid programs. Combined accounts receivable from Medicare, Medicaid, and managed Medicaid represent approximately 75% of the consolidated net accounts receivable in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets as of March 31, 2021.

VITAS has a pharmacy services contract with one service provider for specified pharmacy services related to its hospice operations. A large majority of VITAS' pharmaceutical purchases are from this vendor. The pharmaceuticals purchased by VITAS are available through many providers in the United States. However, a disruption from VITAS' main service provider could adversely impact VITAS' operations, including temporary logistical challenges and increased cost associated with getting medication to our patients.

12. Cash Overdrafts and Cash Equivalents

There are no cash overdrafts payable included in accounts payable at March 31, 2021 or December 31, 2020.

From time to time throughout the year, we invest excess cash in money market funds with major commercial banks. We closely monitor the creditworthiness of the institutions with which we invest our overnight funds. The amount invested was not material for each balance sheet date presented.

13. Financial Instruments

FASB's authoritative guidance on fair value measurements defines a hierarchy which prioritizes the inputs in fair value measurements. Level 1 measurements are measurements using quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities. Level 2 measurements use significant other observable inputs. Level 3 measurements are measurements using significant unobservable inputs which require a company to develop its own assumptions. In recording the fair value of assets and liabilities, companies must use the most reliable measurement available.

The following shows the carrying value, fair value and the hierarchy for our financial instruments as of March 31, 2021 (in thousands):

				Fair Value Measure		
			Quoted Prices in			
			Active Markets for	Significant Other		
			Identical Assets	Observable Inputs	Si	gnificant Unobservable
	Ca	arrying Value	(Level 1)	(Level 2)		Inputs (Level 3)
Mutual fund investments of deferred						
compensation plans held in trust	\$	93,705	\$ 93,705	\$ -	\$	_

The following shows the carrying value, fair value and the hierarchy for our financial instruments as of December 31, 2020 (in thousands):

					Fair Value Measure	
			C	uoted Prices in		
			Ac	tive Markets for	Significant Other	
			Iden	tical Assets (Level	Observable Inputs	Significant Unobservable
	(Carrying Value		1)	(Level 2)	Inputs (Level 3)
Mutual fund investments of deferred						
compensation plans held in trust	\$	88,811	\$	88,811	\$ -	\$ -

For cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable and accounts payable, the carrying amount is a reasonable estimate of fair value because of the liquidity and short-term nature of these instruments. As further described in Note 5, our outstanding long-term debt and current portion of long-term debt have floating interest rates that are reset at short-term intervals, generally 30 or 60 days. The interest rate we pay also includes an additional amount based on our current leverage ratio. As such, we believe our borrowings reflect significant nonperformance risks, mainly credit risk. Based on these factors, we believe the fair value of our long-term debt and current portion of long-term debt approximate the carrying value.

14. Capital Stock Repurchase Plan Transactions

We repurchased the following capital stock:

		Three months ended March 31,			
	2021		2020		
Total cost of repurchased shares (in thousands)	\$	44,768	\$	100,235	
Shares repurchased Weighted average price per share	\$	100,000 447.67	\$	225,000 445.49	

In March 2020, the Board of Directors authorized an additional \$250.0 million for stock repurchase under Chemed's existing share repurchase program. We currently have \$133.7 million of authorization remaining under this share repurchase plan.

15. Recent Accounting Standards

In March 2020, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update "ASU No. 2020-04 - Reference Rate Reform". The update provides optional expedients and exceptions for applying GAAP to contract modifications and hedging relationships, subject to meeting certain criteria, that reference LIBOR or another rate expected to be discontinued. The update is effective for all entities as of March 12, 2020 and will apply through December 31, 2022. The interest rate charged on borrowings from our existing revolver is based on LIBOR. The credit agreement includes provisions for modifying the interest rate in the instance that LIBOR is discontinued. As a result, no contract modifications will be required when LIBOR is discontinued.

16. Acquisitions

On June 1, 2020, we completed the acquisition of a Roto-Rooter franchise and the related assets in Bloomington, IN for \$2.2 million in cash.

Goodwill is assessed for impairment on a yearly basis as of October 1. All goodwill recognized is deductible for tax purposes.

Shown below is movement in Goodwill (in thousands):

Balance at December 31, 2020 Foreign currency adjustments Balance at March 31, 2021

VITAS		Roto-Rooter	Total		
\$	333,331	\$ 245,254	\$	578,585	
	-	33		33	
\$	333,331	\$ 245,287	\$	578,618	

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

Executive Summary

We operate through our two wholly-owned subsidiaries, VITAS Healthcare Corporation and Roto-Rooter Group, Inc. VITAS focuses on hospice care that helps make terminally ill patients' final days as comfortable as possible. Through its teams of doctors, nurses, home health aides, social workers, clergy and volunteers, VITAS provides direct medical services to patients, as well as spiritual and emotional counseling to both patients and their families. Roto-Rooter's services are focused on providing plumbing, drain cleaning, water restoration and other related services to both residential and commercial customers. Through its network of company-owned branches, independent contractors and franchisees, Roto-Rooter offers plumbing and drain cleaning service to over 90% of the U.S. population.

The following is a summary of the key operating results (in thousands except per share amounts):

	Three months ended March 31,				
	2021			2020	
Service revenues and sales	\$	527,360	\$	515,798	
Net income	\$	65,400	\$	55,891	
Diluted EPS	\$	4.01	\$	3.38	
Adjusted net income	\$	72,370	\$	60,715	
Adjusted diluted EPS	\$	4.44	\$	3.68	
Adjusted EBITDA	\$	108,519	\$	93,029	
Adjusted EBITDA as a % of revenue		20.6%	, D	18.0 %	

Adjusted net income, adjusted diluted EPS, earnings before interest, taxes and depreciation and amortization ("EBITDA"), Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA as a percent of revenue are not measures derived in accordance with US GAAP. We provide non-GAAP measures to help readers evaluate our operating results and to compare our operating performance with that of similar companies that have different capital structures. Our non-GAAP measures should not be considered in isolation or as a substitute for comparable measures presented in accordance with GAAP. A reconciliation of our non-GAAP measures is presented on pages 27-28.

For the three months ended March 31, 2021, the increase in consolidated service revenues and sales was driven by an 18.9% increase at Roto-Rooter offset by a 6.5% decrease at VITAS. The increase in service revenues at Roto-Rooter was driven by an increase in all major service lines for residential customers. The decrease in service revenues at VITAS is comprised primarily of a 7.1% decrease in days-of-care offset by a geographically weighted average Medicare reimbursement rate increase (including the suspension of sequestration on May 1, 2020) of approximately 2.8%. Acuity mix shift had a net impact of reducing revenue approximately \$9.1 million, or 2.7% in the quarter when compared to the prior year revenue and level-of-care mix. The combination of a lower Medicare cap and other contra revenue changes offset a portion of the revenue decline by approximately 50 basis points. See page 29 for additional VITAS operating metrics.

The current COVID-19 pandemic did have a material impact on our business operations, results of operations, cash flow and financial position as of and for the three months ended March 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively. We are closely monitoring the impact of the pandemic on all aspects of our business including impacts to employees, customers, patients, suppliers and vendors. The Company's two operating subsidiaries have been categorized as critical infrastructure businesses and are not currently materially limited by federal, state or local regulations that restrict movement or operating ability.

The length and severity of the pandemic, coupled with related governmental actions including relief acts and actions relating to our workforce at federal, state and local levels, and underlying economic disruption will determine the ultimate short-term and long-term impact to our business operations and financial results. We are unable to predict the myriad of possible issues that could arise or the ultimate effect to our businesses as a result of the unknown short, medium and long-term impacts that the pandemic will have on the United States economy and society as a whole.

Historically, Chemed earnings guidance has been developed using previous years' key operating metrics which are then modeled and projected out for the calendar year. Critical within these projections is the understanding of traditional patterned correlations among key operating metrics. Once we complete this phase of our projected operating results, we would then modify the projections for the timing of price increases, changes in commission structure, wages, marketing programs and a variety of continuous improvement initiatives that our business segments plan on executing over the coming year. This modeling exercise also takes into consideration anticipated industry and macro-economic issues outside of management's control but are somewhat predictable in terms of timing and impact on our business segments' operating results.

The pandemic has made accurate modeling and providing meaningful earnings guidance for Chemed exceptionally challenging. Federal, state and local government authorities are forced to make swift decisions within our healthcare system, labor pools and general economy. These governmental decisions have the potential for an immediate and material impact on VITAS and Roto-Rooter operating

results. We anticipate providing updated 2021 earnings guidance in July of 2021 as part of the June 30, 2021 earnings press release. We anticipate that our operating income and cash flows will be sufficient to operate our businesses and meet any commitments for the foreseeable future.

Financial Condition

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Material changes in the balance sheet accounts from December 31, 2020 to March 31, 2021 include the following:

A \$22.1 million decrease in accounts receivable due to timing of receipts.

A \$15.3 million increase in income taxes due to timing of payments.

A \$17.4 million decrease in accrued compensation due to the payments of cash bonuses in the first quarter of 2021.

An \$8.5 million decrease in accrued legal as a result of the payments of two legal settlements.

A \$53.7 million increase in treasury stock due mainly to stock repurchases.

Net cash provided by operating activities increased \$17.4 million from March 31, 2020 to March 31, 2021. The main drivers of the increase are an increase in net income and a decrease in accounts receivable. Significant changes in our accounts receivable balances are typically driven by the timing of payments received from the Federal government at our VITAS subsidiary. We typically receive a payment in excess of \$40.0 million from the Federal government for hospice services every other Friday. The timing of a period end will have a significant impact on the accounts receivable at VITAS. These changes generally normalize over a two year period, as cash flow variations in one year are offset in the following year.

Management continually evaluates cash utilization alternatives, including share repurchase, debt repurchase, acquisitions and increased dividends to determine the most beneficial use of available capital resources.

On June 20, 2018, we signed the Fourth Amended and Restated Credit Agreement ("2018 Credit Agreement"). Terms of the 2018 Credit Agreement consist of a five year, \$450 million revolving credit facility and a \$150 million expansion feature, which may consist of term loans or additional revolving commitments. The revolving credit facility has a five year maturity with principal payments due at maturity. The interest rate at the inception of the agreement was LIBOR plus 100 basis points. The 2018 Credit Agreement has a floating interest rate that is generally LIBOR plus a tiered additional rate which varies based on our current leverage ratio. We have no debt outstanding under the 2018 Credit Agreement as of March 31, 2021.

We have issued \$37.9 million in standby letters of credit as of March 31, 2021, mainly for insurance purposes. Issued letters of credit reduce our available credit under the revolving credit agreement. As of March 31, 2021, we have approximately \$412.1 million of unused lines of credit available and eligible to be drawn down under our revolving credit facility. Management believes its liquidity and sources of capital are satisfactory for the Company's needs in the foreseeable future.

Commitments and Contingencies

Collectively, the terms of our credit agreements require us to meet various financial covenants, to be tested quarterly. We are in compliance with all financial and other debt covenants as of March 31, 2021 and anticipate remaining in compliance throughout the foreseeable future.

We are subject to various lawsuits and claims in the normal course of our business. In addition, we periodically receive communications from governmental and regulatory agencies concerning compliance with Medicare and Medicaid billing requirements at our VITAS subsidiary. We establish reserves for specific, uninsured liabilities in connection with regulatory and legal action that we deem to be probable and estimable. We disclose the existence of regulatory and legal actions when we believe it is reasonably possible that a loss could occur in connection with the specific action. In most instances, we are unable to make a reasonable estimate of any reasonably possible liability due to the uncertainty of the outcome and stage of litigation. We record legal fees associated with legal and regulatory actions as the costs are incurred.

See Note 10 in the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements in Item 1 above for a description of current material legal matters.

Results of Operations

Three months ended March 31, 2021 versus 2020 - Consolidated Results

Our service revenues and sales for the first quarter of 2021 increased 2.2% versus services and sales revenues for the first quarter of 2020. Of this increase, a \$33.7 million increase was attributable to Roto-Rooter offset by a \$22.1 million decrease attributable to VITAS. The following chart shows the components of revenue by operating segment (in thousands):

	Three months ended March 31,			h 31,
	2021		2020	
VITAS				
Routine homecare	\$	263,754	\$	271,762
Continuous care		27,349		40,555
General inpatient		29,156		32,482
Other		2,938		3,147
Medicare cap adjustment		(1,500)		(2,500)
Room and board - net		(2,665)		(3,381)
Implicit price concessions		(3,244)		(4,149)
Roto-Rooter				
Drain cleaning - short term core		61,756		54,020
Plumbing - short term core		41,313		36,794
Subtotal		103,069		90,814
Excavation - short term core		51,993		43,060
Water restoration		37,435		29,246
Contractor operations		18,760		16,228
Outside franchisee fees		1,327		1,190
Other - short term core		288		550
Other		3,945		3,534
Implicit price concessions	<u></u>	(5,245)		(6,740)
Total	\$	527,360	\$	515,798

Days of care at VITAS during the quarter ended March 31 were as follows:

	Days of Ca	Increase/(Decrease)	
	2021	2020	Percent
Deutina kamanana	4 220 002	1 204 740	(2.6)
Routine homecare	1,329,892	1,364,746	(2.6)
Nursing home	232,783	303,374	(23.3)
Respite	4,840	6,692	(27.7)
Subtotal routine homecare and respite	1,567,515	1,674,812	(6.4)
Continuous care	27,674	32,348	(14.4)
General inpatient	29,300	41,373	(29.2)
Total days of care	1,624,489	1,748,533	(7.1)

The decrease in service revenues at VITAS is comprised primarily of a 7.1% decline in days-of-care offset by a geographically weighted average Medicare reimbursement rate increase (including the suspension of sequestration on May 1, 2020) of approximately 2.8%. Acuity mix shift had a net impact of reducing revenue approximately \$9.1 million, or 2.7% in the quarter when compared to the prior year revenue and level-of-care mix. The combination of a lower Medicare cap and other contra revenue changes offset a portion of the revenue decline by approximately 50 basis points.

The increase in plumbing revenues for the first quarter of 2021 versus 2020 is attributable to a 17.1% increase in job count offset by a 4.8% decrease in price and service mix shift. The increase in excavation revenues for the first quarter of 2021 versus 2020 is attributable to a 22.1% increase in job count offset by a 1.4% decrease in price and service mix shift. Drain cleaning revenues for the first quarter of 2021 versus 2020 reflect a 4.8% increase in price and service mix shift and a 9.5% increase in job count. Water restoration revenue increased for the first quarter of 2021 versus 2020 due to a 10.2% increase in job count and an 17.8% increase in price and service mix shift. Contractor operations increased 15.6% mainly due to their continued expansion into water restoration. The increase in job count for all service lines was driven by residential customers.

The consolidated gross margin was 35.4% in the first quarter of 2021 as compared with 31.8% in the first quarter of 2020. On a segment basis, VITAS' gross margin was 24.4% in the first quarter of 2021 as compared with 23.2%, in the first quarter of 2020. The increase is primarily due to improved labor costs. The Roto-Rooter segment's gross margin was 51.9% for the first quarter of 2021 as compared with 48.1% in the first quarter of 2020 primarily due to increased revenue and improved labor costs.

Selling, general and administrative expenses ("SG&A") comprise (in thousands):

SG&A expenses before long-term incentive compensation and the impact of market value adjustments related to deferred compensation trusts
Impact of market value adjustments related to assets held in deferred compensation trusts
Long-term incentive compensation
Total SG&A expenses

Three months ended March 31,						
	2021		2020			
\$	86,668	\$	78,334			
	3,038		(9,572)			
	1,893		1,821			
\$	91,599	\$	70,583			

SG&A expenses before long-term incentive compensation and the impact of market value adjustments related to deferred compensation trusts for the first quarter of 2021 were up 10.6% when compared to the first quarter of 2020. This increase was mainly a result of the increase in variable selling and general administrative expenses and increased bonus expense at Roto-Rooter caused by increased revenue.

Depreciation for the first quarter of 2021 increased 2.9% when compared to the first quarter of 2020 primarily due to new equipment purchased at Roto-Rooter.

Amortization for the first quarter of 2021 increased 1.3% when compared to the first quarter of 2020. Quarterly amortization of intangible assets is mainly driven by two Roto-Rooter franchise acquisitions completed in 2019. The total purchase price of these acquisitions was \$138.0 million. As part of the purchase price allocation, approximately \$59.2 million was determined to be the value of reacquired franchise rights which are being amortized over the remaining life of each franchise agreement. The average remaining life on the reacquired franchise agreements was approximately seven years. Quarterly amortization of reacquired franchise rights for these two acquisitions is approximately \$2.0 million (\$8.1 million annualized through 2026). This contrasts to quarterly franchise fees historically collected from these two franchisees of approximately \$470,000 (\$1.9 million annualized).

Other income – net comprise (in thousands):

	Three months ended March 31,			rch 31,
		2021		2020
Market value adjustment on assets held in deferred compensation trusts	\$	3,038	\$	(9,572)
Interest income		92		109
Other		472		(3)
Total other income/(expense) - net	\$	3,602	\$	(9,466)

Our effective tax rate reconciliation is as follows (in thousands):

	I nree months ended March 31,			31,
	-	2021		2020
Income tax provision calculated at the statutory federal rate	\$	17,569	\$	14,474
Stock compensation tax benefits		(3,452)		(4,553)
State and local income taxes		2,956		2,377
Othernet		1,189		733
Income tax provision	\$	18,262	\$	13,031
Effective tax rate		21.8%		18.9%

Net income for both periods included the following after-tax items/adjustments that (reduced) or increased after-tax earnings (in thousands):

	Three months ended March 31,			
		2021		2020
VITAS				
Direct costs related to COVID-19	\$	(1,308)	\$	(726)
Medicare cap sequestration adjustment		-		(503)
Roto-Rooter				
Amortization of reacquired franchise agreements		(1,729)		(1,729)
Direct costs related to COVID-19		(407)		(633)
Corporate				
Excess tax benefits on stock compensation		3,238		4,553
Stock option expense		(5,066)		(4,190)
Long-term incentive compensation		(1,670)		(1,596)
Direct costs related to COVID-19		(28)		
Total	\$	(6,970)	\$	(4,824)

Three months ended March 31, 2021 versus 2020 - Segment Results

Net income/(loss) for the first quarter of 2021 versus the first quarter of 2020 by segment (in thousands):

	•	Three months ended March 31,			
		2021		2020	
VITAS	\$	40,770	\$	41,279	
Roto-Rooter		37,177		24,322	
Corporate		(12,547)		(9,710)	
	\$	65,400	\$	55,891	

VITAS' after-tax earnings decreased due to lower revenue. After-tax earnings as a percent of revenue at VITAS in the first quarter of 2021 was 12.9% as compared to 12.2% in the first quarter of 2020.

Roto-Rooter's net income was impacted in 2021 compared to 2020 primarily by higher revenue and improved labor costs. After-tax earnings as a percent of revenue at Roto-Rooter in the first quarter of 2021 was 17.6%, as compared to 13.7% in the first quarter of 2020.

After-tax Corporate expenses for 2021 increased 29.2% when compared to 2020 due mainly to a \$1.3 million decrease in the excess tax benefits on stock compensation.

CHEMED CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES CONSOLIDATING STATEMENTS OF INCOME FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2021 (in thousands)(unaudited)

2021 (a)		VITAS	_	Roto-Rooter		Corporate		Chemed Consolidated
Service revenues and sales	¢	315,788	\$	211,572	•	_	¢	527,360
Cost of services provided and goods sold	Ψ	238,667	Ψ	101,806	Ψ		Ψ	340,473
Selling, general and administrative expenses		22,090		53,322		16,187		91,599
Depreciation		5,338		6,353		24		11,715
Amortization		18		2,492		-		2,510
Other operating expense		502		120		-		622
Total costs and expenses		266,615		164,093		16,211		446,919
Income/(loss) from operations		49,173		47,479		(16,211)		80,441
Interest expense		(42)		(89)		(250)		(381)
Intercompany interest income/(expense)		4,525		1,620		(6,145)		-
Other income—net		533	_	31		3,038		3,602
Income/(expense) before income taxes		54,189		49,041		(19,568)		83,662
Income taxes		(13,419)	_	(11,864)	_	7,021	_	(18,262)
Net income/(loss)	\$	40,770	\$	37,177	\$	(12,547)	\$	65,400
(a) The following amounts are included in net income (in thousand	s):	VITAS		Roto-Rooter		Corporate		Chemed Consolidated
Pretax benefit/(cost):	.s): 	VITAS	_	Roto-Rooter	_	Corporate	_	
Pretax benefit/(cost): Stock option expense	s): \$	VITAS	<u> </u>	-	<u> </u>	Corporate (6,106)	<u> </u>	Consolidated (6,106)
Pretax benefit/(cost): Stock option expense Amortization of reacquired franchise agreements		-	\$	(2,352)	<u> </u>	(6,106)	\$	Consolidated (6,106) (2,352)
Pretax benefit/(cost): Stock option expense Amortization of reacquired franchise agreements Direct costs related to COVID-19		VITAS - (1,753)	<u> </u>	-		(6,106)	\$	Consolidated (6,106) (2,352) (2,344)
Pretax benefit/(cost): Stock option expense Amortization of reacquired franchise agreements Direct costs related to COVID-19 Long-term incentive compensation		(1,753)	\$	(2,352) (553)	\$	(6,106) (38) (1,893)	\$	(6,106) (2,352) (2,344) (1,893)
Pretax benefit/(cost): Stock option expense Amortization of reacquired franchise agreements Direct costs related to COVID-19		-	\$	(2,352)	\$	(6,106)	\$ \$	Consolidated (6,106) (2,352) (2,344)
Pretax benefit/(cost): Stock option expense Amortization of reacquired franchise agreements Direct costs related to COVID-19 Long-term incentive compensation Total		(1,753)	\$	(2,352) (553)	\$	(6,106) (38) (1,893)	\$	(6,106) (2,352) (2,344) (1,893)
Pretax benefit/(cost): Stock option expense Amortization of reacquired franchise agreements Direct costs related to COVID-19 Long-term incentive compensation Total After-tax benefit/(cost):	\$	(1,753) (1,753)	\$	(2,352) (553) (2,905)	\$	(6,106) (38) (1,893) (8,037) Corporate	\$	Consolidated (6,106) (2,352) (2,344) (1,893) (12,695) Chemed Consolidated
Pretax benefit/(cost): Stock option expense Amortization of reacquired franchise agreements Direct costs related to COVID-19 Long-term incentive compensation Total After-tax benefit/(cost): Stock option expense		(1,753) (1,753) VITAS	\$ \$	(2,352) (553) (2,905)	\$ \$	(6,106) (38) (1,893) (8,037) Corporate (5,066)	\$ \$ - \$	Consolidated (6,106) (2,352) (2,344) (1,893) (12,695) Chemed Consolidated (5,066)
Pretax benefit/(cost): Stock option expense Amortization of reacquired franchise agreements Direct costs related to COVID-19 Long-term incentive compensation Total After-tax benefit/(cost): Stock option expense Direct costs related to COVID-19	\$	(1,753) (1,753)	\$	(2,352) (553) (2,905) Roto-Rooter	\$	(6,106) (38) (1,893) (8,037) Corporate	\$	Consolidated (6,106) (2,352) (2,344) (1,893) (12,695) Chemed Consolidated (5,066) (1,743)
Pretax benefit/(cost): Stock option expense Amortization of reacquired franchise agreements Direct costs related to COVID-19 Long-term incentive compensation Total After-tax benefit/(cost): Stock option expense Direct costs related to COVID-19 Amortization of reacquired franchise agreements	\$	(1,753) (1,753) VITAS	\$	(2,352) (553) (2,905)	\$	(6,106) (38) (1,893) (8,037) Corporate (5,066) (28)	\$	Consolidated (6,106) (2,352) (2,344) (1,893) (12,695) Chemed Consolidated (5,066) (1,743) (1,729)
Pretax benefit/(cost): Stock option expense Amortization of reacquired franchise agreements Direct costs related to COVID-19 Long-term incentive compensation Total After-tax benefit/(cost): Stock option expense Direct costs related to COVID-19 Amortization of reacquired franchise agreements Long-term incentive compensation	\$	(1,753) (1,753) VITAS	\$	(2,352) (553) (2,905) Roto-Rooter	\$	(6,106) (38) (1,893) (8,037) Corporate (5,066) (28)	\$	Consolidated (6,106) (2,352) (2,344) (1,893) (12,695) Chemed Consolidated (5,066) (1,743) (1,729) (1,670)
Pretax benefit/(cost): Stock option expense Amortization of reacquired franchise agreements Direct costs related to COVID-19 Long-term incentive compensation Total After-tax benefit/(cost): Stock option expense Direct costs related to COVID-19 Amortization of reacquired franchise agreements	\$	(1,753) (1,753) VITAS	\$	(2,352) (553) (2,905) Roto-Rooter	\$	(6,106) (38) (1,893) (8,037) Corporate (5,066) (28)	\$	Consolidated (6,106) (2,352) (2,344) (1,893) (12,695) Chemed Consolidated (5,066) (1,743) (1,729)

CHEMED CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES CONSOLIDATING STATEMENTS OF INCOME FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2020

(in thousands)(unaudited)

		VITAS		Roto-Rooter		Corporate		Chemed Consolidated
2020 (a)								
Service revenues and sales	\$	337,916	\$	177,882	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	515,798
Cost of services provided and goods sold		259,429		92,316		-		351,745
Selling, general and administrative expenses		22,269		46,282		2,032		70,583
Depreciation		5,474		5,878		36		11,388
Amortization		18		2,459		-		2,477
Other operating expenses		114		128		<u>-</u>		242
Total costs and expenses		287,304		147,063		2,068		436,435
Income/(loss) from operations		50,612		30,819		(2,068)		79,363
Interest expense		(45)		(102)		(828)		(975)
Intercompany interest income/(expense)		4,386		1,349		(5,735)		-
Other income/(expense)—net		65	_	40		(9,571)		(9,466)
Income/(expense) before income taxes		55,018		32,106		(18,202)		68,922
Income taxes		(13,739)	_	(7,784)	_	8,492	_	(13,031)
Net income/(loss)	\$	41,279	\$	24,322	\$	(9,710)	\$	55,891
(a) The following amounts are included in net income (in thousands):								Chemed
		VITAS		Roto-Rooter		Corporate		Consolidated
Pretax benefit/(cost):								
Stock option expense	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(5,045)	\$	(5,045)
Amortization of reacquired franchise agreements		-		(2,352)		_		(2,352)
Direct costs related to COVID-19								
		(973)		(861)		-		(1,834)
Long-term incentive compensation		-				(1,821)		(1,821)
Medicare cap sequestration adjustment		(675)		(861)		<u> </u>		(1,821) (675 <u>)</u>
	\$	-	\$		\$	(1,821) - (6,866)	\$	(1,821)
Medicare cap sequestration adjustment	\$	(675)	\$	(861)	\$	<u> </u>	\$	(1,821) (675 <u>)</u>
Medicare cap sequestration adjustment Total After-tax benefit/(cost):	\$	(675) (1,648)	\$	(861)	\$	(6,866)	\$	(1,821) (675) (11,727) Chemed
Medicare cap sequestration adjustment Total After-tax benefit/(cost): Stock option expense	<u>\$</u>	(675) (1,648)	<u>\$</u>	(861)	<u>\$</u>	(6,866)	\$\$	(1,821) (675) (11,727) Chemed
Medicare cap sequestration adjustment Total After-tax benefit/(cost):	\$	(675) (1,648)	\$	(861) - - (3,213) Roto-Rooter	_	(6,866) Corporate	\$	(1,821) (675) (11,727) Chemed Consolidated
Medicare cap sequestration adjustment Total After-tax benefit/(cost): Stock option expense Amortization of reacquired franchise agreements Long-term incentive compensation	<u>\$</u> \$	(675) (1,648)	\$	(861) - - (3,213) Roto-Rooter	_	(6,866) Corporate	\$	(1,821) (675) (11,727) Chemed Consolidated (4,190)
Medicare cap sequestration adjustment Total After-tax benefit/(cost): Stock option expense Amortization of reacquired franchise agreements Long-term incentive compensation Direct costs related to COVID-19	\$	(675) (1,648)	\$	(861) - - (3,213) Roto-Rooter	_	(6,866) Corporate (4,190)	\$	(1,821) (675) (11,727) Chemed Consolidated (4,190) (1,729)
Medicare cap sequestration adjustment Total After-tax benefit/(cost): Stock option expense Amortization of reacquired franchise agreements Long-term incentive compensation Direct costs related to COVID-19 Medicare cap sequestration adjustment	\$	(675) (1,648) VITAS	\$	(861) (3,213) Roto-Rooter	_	(6,866) Corporate (4,190)	\$	(1,821) (675) (11,727) Chemed Consolidated (4,190) (1,729) (1,596)
Medicare cap sequestration adjustment Total After-tax benefit/(cost): Stock option expense Amortization of reacquired franchise agreements Long-term incentive compensation Direct costs related to COVID-19	\$	(675) (1,648) VITAS	\$	(861) (3,213) Roto-Rooter	_	(6,866) Corporate (4,190)	\$	(1,821) (675) (11,727) Chemed Consolidated (4,190) (1,729) (1,596) (1,359)

Unaudited Consolidating Summary and Reconciliation of Adjusted EBITDA

Chemed Corporation and Subsidiary Companies								
(in thousands)	_		_					Chemed
For the three months ended March 31, 2021		/ITAS	Ro	oto-Rooter		Corporate		Consolidated
Net income/(loss)	\$	40,770	\$	37,177	\$	(12,547)	\$	65,400
Add/(deduct):	Ψ	10,7.70	Ψ	3.,1	4	(1=,5)	Ψ	03,100
Interest expense		42		89		250		381
Income taxes		13,419		11,864		(7,021)		18,262
Depreciation		5,338		6,353		24		11,715
Amortization		18		2,492		<u>-</u>		2,510
EBITDA		59,587		57,975		(19,294)		98,268
Add/(deduct):								
Intercompany interest expense/(income)		(4,525)		(1,620)		6,145		-
Interest income		(61)		(31)		-		(92)
Stock option expense		-		-		6,106		6,106
Direct costs related to COVID-19		1,753		553		38		2,344
Long-term incentive compensation	-					1,893		1,893
Adjusted EBITDA	\$	56,754	\$	56,877	\$	(5,112)	\$	108,519
								Chamad
For the three months anded March 31, 2020	,	/ITAS	R.	oto-Rooter		Corporate		Chemed Consolidated
For the three months ended March 31, 2020	7	/ITAS	Ro	oto-Rooter		Corporate		Chemed Consolidated
For the three months ended March 31, 2020 Net income/(loss)	\$	/ITAS 41,279	Ro \$	oto-Rooter 24,322	\$	Corporate (9,710)	\$	
		-			\$	•	\$	Consolidated
Net income/(loss)		-			\$	•	\$	Consolidated
Net income/(loss) Add/(deduct):		41,279 45 13,739		24,322 102 7,784	\$	(9,710)	\$	Consolidated 55,891 975 13,031
Net income/(loss) Add/(deduct): Interest expense		41,279 45 13,739 5,474		24,322 102 7,784 5,878	\$	(9,710) 828	\$	Consolidated 55,891 975 13,031 11,388
Net income/(loss) Add/(deduct): Interest expense Income taxes Depreciation Amortization		41,279 45 13,739 5,474 18		24,322 102 7,784 5,878 2,459	\$	(9,710) 828 (8,492) 36	\$	Consolidated 55,891 975 13,031 11,388 2,477
Net income/(loss) Add/(deduct): Interest expense Income taxes Depreciation		41,279 45 13,739 5,474		24,322 102 7,784 5,878	\$	(9,710) 828 (8,492)	\$	Consolidated 55,891 975 13,031 11,388
Net income/(loss) Add/(deduct): Interest expense Income taxes Depreciation Amortization EBITDA Add/(deduct):		41,279 45 13,739 5,474 18 60,555		24,322 102 7,784 5,878 2,459 40,545	\$	(9,710) 828 (8,492) 36 (17,338)	\$	Consolidated 55,891 975 13,031 11,388 2,477
Net income/(loss) Add/(deduct): Interest expense Income taxes Depreciation Amortization EBITDA Add/(deduct): Intercompany interest expense/(income)		41,279 45 13,739 5,474 18 60,555 (4,386)		24,322 102 7,784 5,878 2,459 40,545 (1,349)	\$	(9,710) 828 (8,492) 36	\$	Consolidated 55,891 975 13,031 11,388 2,477 83,762
Net income/(loss) Add/(deduct): Interest expense Income taxes Depreciation Amortization EBITDA Add/(deduct): Intercompany interest expense/(income) Interest income		41,279 45 13,739 5,474 18 60,555		24,322 102 7,784 5,878 2,459 40,545	\$	(9,710) 828 (8,492) 36 - (17,338) 5,735	\$	Consolidated 55,891 975 13,031 11,388 2,477 83,762
Net income/(loss) Add/(deduct): Interest expense Income taxes Depreciation Amortization EBITDA Add/(deduct): Intercompany interest expense/(income)		41,279 45 13,739 5,474 18 60,555 (4,386)		24,322 102 7,784 5,878 2,459 40,545 (1,349)	\$	(9,710) 828 (8,492) 36 (17,338)	\$	Consolidated 55,891 975 13,031 11,388 2,477 83,762
Net income/(loss) Add/(deduct): Interest expense Income taxes Depreciation Amortization EBITDA Add/(deduct): Intercompany interest expense/(income) Interest income		41,279 45 13,739 5,474 18 60,555 (4,386)		24,322 102 7,784 5,878 2,459 40,545 (1,349)	\$	(9,710) 828 (8,492) 36 (17,338) 5,735 5,045	\$	Consolidated 55,891 975 13,031 11,388 2,477 83,762 (108) 5,045 1,834
Net income/(loss) Add/(deduct): Interest expense Income taxes Depreciation Amortization EBITDA Add/(deduct): Intercompany interest expense/(income) Interest income Stock option expense Direct costs related to COVID-19 Long-term incentive compensation		41,279 45 13,739 5,474 18 60,555 (4,386) (68) 973		24,322 102 7,784 5,878 2,459 40,545 (1,349) (40)	\$	(9,710) 828 (8,492) 36 - (17,338) 5,735	\$	Consolidated 55,891 975 13,031 11,388 2,477 83,762 - (108) 5,045 1,834 1,821
Net income/(loss) Add/(deduct): Interest expense Income taxes Depreciation Amortization EBITDA Add/(deduct): Intercompany interest expense/(income) Interest income Stock option expense Direct costs related to COVID-19		41,279 45 13,739 5,474 18 60,555 (4,386) (68)		24,322 102 7,784 5,878 2,459 40,545 (1,349) (40)	\$	(9,710) 828 (8,492) 36 (17,338) 5,735 5,045	\$	Consolidated 55,891 975 13,031 11,388 2,477 83,762 (108) 5,045 1,834

RECONCILIATION OF ADJUSTED NET INCOME (in thousands, except per share data)(unaudited)

	Three Months Ended March 31,					
		2021		2020		
Net income as reported	\$	65,400	\$	55,891		
Add/(deduct) pre-tax cost of: Stock option expense Amortization of reacquired franchise agreements Direct costs related to COVID-19 Long-term incentive compensation Medicare cap sequestration adjustment Add/(deduct) tax impacts:		6,106 2,352 2,344 1,893		5,045 2,352 1,834 1,821 675		
Tax impact of the above pre-tax adjustments (1) Excess tax benefits on stock compensation Adjusted net income	\$	(2,487) (3,238) 72,370	\$	(2,350) (4,553) 60,715		
Diluted Earnings Per Share As Reported Net income Average number of shares outstanding	<u>\$</u>	4.01 16,310	\$	3.38 16,516		
Adjusted Diluted Earnings Per Share Adjusted net income Adjusted average number of shares outstanding	\$	4.44 16,310	\$	3.68 16,516		

⁽¹⁾ The tax impact of pre-tax adjustments was calculated using the effective tax rate of the operating unit for which each adjustment is associated.

CHEMED CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES OPERATING STATISTICS FOR VITAS SEGMENT (unaudited)

(unaudited)		
OPERATING STATISTICS	Three Months E	2020
Net revenue (\$000)	2021	2020
Homecare	\$ 263,754	\$ 271,762
Inpatient	29,156	32,482
Continuous care	27,349	40,555
Other	2,938	3,147
Subtotal	\$ 323,197	\$ 347,946
Room and board, net	(2,665) (3,244)	(3,381)
Contractual allowances Medicare cap allowance	(3,244) (1,500)	(4,149) (2,500)
Total	\$ 315,788	\$ 337,916
Net revenue as a percent of total before Medicare cap allowances	515,700	Φ 337,310
Homecare	81.6%	78.1%
Inpatient	9.0	9.3
Continuous care	8.5	11.7
Other	0.9	0.9
Subtotal	100.0	100.0
Room and board, net	(0.8)	(1.0) (1.2)
Contractual allowances Medicare cap allowance	(1.0) (0.5)	(0.7)
Total	97.7%	97.1%
	37.7	37.170
Days of care Homecare	1,329,892	1,364,746
Nursing home	232,783	303,374
Respite	4,840	6,692
Subtotal routine homecare and respite	1,567,515	1,674,812
Inpatient	27,674	32,348
Continuous care	29,300	41,373
Total	1,624,489	1,748,533
Number of days in relevant time period	90	91
Average daily census (days)		4400
Homecare Number of home	14,777	14,997
Nursing home Respite	2,586 54	3,334 74
Subtotal routine homecare and respite	17,417	18,405
Inpatient	307	355
Continuous care	326	455
Total	18,050	19,215
Total Admissions	18,135	18,603
Total Discharges	18,516	18,196
Average length of stay (days)	94.4	90.7
Median length of stay (days)	12.0	14.0
ADC by major diagnosis Cerebro	35.9%	35.9%
Neurological	22.1	21.4
Cancer	12.2	12.7
Cardio	15.8	15.9
Respiratory	7.8	8.3
Other	6.2	5.8
Total	100.0%	100.0%
Admissions by major diagnosis	21.4	21.10/
Cerebro Neurological	21.4 12.3	21.1% 12.5
Neurotogical Cancer	25.0	28.3
Cardio	14.2	15.1
Respiratory	11.0	12.2
Other	16.1	10.8
Total	100.0%	100.0%
Estimated uncollectible accounts as a percent of revenues	1.0%	1.2%
Accounts receivable		
Days of revenue outstanding- excluding unapplied Medicare payments	37.8	33.9
Days of revenue outstanding- including unapplied Medicare payments	26.9	26.1

Safe Harbor Statement under the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 Regarding Forward-Looking Information

Certain statements contained in this report are "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. The words "believe", "expect", "hope", "anticipate", "plan" and similar expressions identify forward-looking statements, which speak only as of the date the statement was made. These forward-looking statements are based on current expectations and assumptions and involve various known and unknown risks, uncertainties, contingencies and other factors, which could cause Chemed's actual results to differ from those expressed in such forward-looking statements. Variances in any or all of the risks, uncertainties, contingencies, and other factors from our assumptions could cause actual results to differ materially from these forward-looking statements and trends. In addition, our ability to deal with the unknown outcomes of these events, many of which are beyond our control, may affect the reliability of projections and other financial matters. Investors are cautioned that such forward-looking statements are subject to inherent risk and there are no assurances that the matters contained in such statements will be achieved. Chemed does not undertake and specifically disclaims any obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of a new information, future events or otherwise.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk

The Company's primary market risk exposure relates to interest rate risk exposure through its variable interest line of credit. At March 31, 2021, the Company had no variable rate debt outstanding. For each \$10 million borrowed under the credit facility, an increase or decrease of 100 basis points (1%), increases or decreases the Company's annual interest expense by \$100,000.

The Company continually evaluates this interest rate exposure and periodically weighs the cost versus the benefit of fixing the variable interest rates through a variety of hedging techniques.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

We carried out an evaluation, under the supervision of our President and Chief Executive Officer and with the participation of the Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer and the Vice President and Controller, of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures as of the end of the period covered by this report. Based on that evaluation, the President and Chief Executive Officer, Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer and Vice President and Controller have concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of the end of the period covered by this report. There has been no change in our internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the quarter covered by this report that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

For information regarding the Company's legal proceedings, see Note 10, Legal and Regulatory Matters, under Part I, Item I of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

Item 1A. Risk Factors

There have been no other material changes from the risk factors previously disclosed in the Company's most recent Annual Report on Form 10-K.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

Item 2(c). Purchases of Equity Securities by Issuer and Affiliated Purchasers

The following table shows the activity related to our share repurchase program for the first three months of 2021:

	Total Number of Shares Repurchased	Weighted Average Price Paid Per Share	Cumulative Shares Repurchased Under the Program	Dollar Amount Remaining Under The Program
February 2011 Program January 1 through January 31, 2021 February 1 through February 28, 2021 March 1 through March 31, 2021	20,000 80,000	\$ 446.44 447.98	9,030,125 9,050,125 9,130,125	\$ 178,424,171 169,495,380 \$ 133,656,728
First Quarter Total	100,000	\$ 447.67		

Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities

None.

Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures

None.

Item 5. Other Information

None.

Item 6. Exhibits

Exhibit No.	Description
<u>31.1</u>	Certification by Kevin J. McNamara pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) of the Exchange Act of 1934.
<u>31.2</u>	Certification by David P. Williams pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) of the Exchange Act of 1934.
<u>31.3</u>	Certification by Michael D. Witzeman pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) of the Exchange Act of 1934.
<u>32.1</u>	Certification by Kevin J. McNamara pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
32.2	Certification by David P. Williams pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
32.3	Certification by Michael D. Witzeman pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
101	The following materials from Chemed Corporation's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2021 formatted in iXBRL (Inline eXtensible Business Reporting Language): (i) The Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet, (ii) The Condensed Consolidated Statement of Income, (iii) The Condensed Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows, (iv) The Condensed Statement of Equity, and (v) Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements. The cover page from the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2021, formatted in iXBRL and
	contained in Exhibit 101.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

			Chemed Corporation (Registrant)
Dated:	April 30, 2021	By:	/s/ Kevin J. McNamara Kevin J. McNamara (President and Chief Executive Officer)
Dated:	April 30, 2021	By:	/s/ David P. Williams David P. Williams (Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer)
Dated:	April 30, 2021	Ву:	/s/ Michael D. Witzeman Michael D. Witzeman (Vice President and Controller)

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO RULES 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) OF THE EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

- I, Kevin J. McNamara, certify that:
 - 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Chemed Corporation ("registrant");
 - 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
 - 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations, and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
 - 4. The registrant's other certifying officers and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rule 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a) designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b) designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c) evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d) disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
 - 5. The registrant's other certifying officers and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors or persons performing the equivalent function:
 - a) all significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date:	April 30, 2021	<u>/s/ Kevin J. McNamara</u>
		Kevin J. McNamara
		(President and Chief Executive Officer)

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO RULES 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) OF THE EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

- I, David P. Williams, certify that:
 - 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Chemed Corporation ("registrant");
 - 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
 - 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations, and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
 - 4. The registrant's other certifying officers and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rule 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a) designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b) designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c) evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d) disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
 - 5. The registrant's other certifying officers and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors or persons performing the equivalent function:
 - a) all significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: April 30, 2021	/s/ David P. Williams
	David P. Williams
	(Executive Vice President and Chief
	Financial Officer)

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO RULES 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) OF THE EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

- I, Michael D. Witzeman., certify that:
 - 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Chemed Corporation ("registrant");
 - 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
 - 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations, and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
 - 4. The registrant's other certifying officers and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rule 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a) designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b) designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles,
 - c) evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d) disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
 - 5. The registrant's other certifying officers and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors or persons performing the equivalent function:
 - a) all significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date:	April 30, 2021	/s/ Michael D. Witzeman
		Michael D. Witzeman
		(Vice President and Controller)

CERTIFICATION BY KEVIN J. MCNAMARA PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002.

Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, the undersigned, as President and Chief Executive Officer of Chemed Corporation ("Company"), does hereby certify that:

- the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ending March 31, 2021 ("Report"), fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- 2) the information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date:	April 30, 2021	<u>/s/ Kevin J. McNamara</u> Kevin J. McNamara (President and Chief Executive Officer)

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CERTIFICATION BY DAVID P. WILLIAMS PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002.

Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, the undersigned, as Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer of Chemed Corporation ("Company"), does hereby certify that:

- 1) the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ending March 31, 2021 ("Report"), fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- 2) the information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: April 30, 2021 /s/ David P. Williams
David P. Williams

(Executive Vice President and Chief

Financial Officer)

CERTIFICATION BY MICHAEL D. WITZEMAN PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002.

Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, the undersigned, as Vice President and Controller of Chemed Corporation ("Company"), does hereby certify that:

- 1) the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ending March 31, 2021 ("Report"), fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- 2) the information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date:	April 30, 2021		/s/ Michael D. Witzeman
	-		Michael D. Witzeman
			(Vice President and Controller)
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